

7,200 Pairs of Women's Hose

Within the past week we have received 1,200 pairs of Women's Fine Quality Hose. We import direct from Chemnitz, consequently we can offer better Hose at the same price, or the same Hose at lower prices.

We also have shipments from the best American manufacturers. These are the Best Hosiery sold anywhere—guaranteed to be perfect and to give satisfaction.

Women's Hose, 25c

Fine imported black Hermsdorf dye; black, tan and white lisle. Black gauze cotton. Black cotton split sole. Sold elsewhere at 35c.

Women's Silk Hose, Special, 79c a Pair

Fine ingrain thread silk, full fashioned and strictly first quality, with lisle top and sole; sold elsewhere for \$1.00 and \$1.25.

"Wayne Knit" 25c, 35c, 50c

These are the best Hose in the world for wear.

25c Black cotton.
35c Black gauze cotton, black silk lisle, black gauze lisle.
50c The thinnest Silk Lisle Stocking made, and will give satisfaction.

Miller & Rhoads

LABOR APPROVES EQUAL SUFFRAGE

Central Trades Council of Richmond Favors Constitutional Amendment.

Won by the support given to labor by women in the fight before the last Legislature for a ten-hour work day, the Central Trades and Labor Council of Richmond has espoused the cause of woman's suffrage. The council has adopted resolutions favoring submission to the people of the State of an amendment to the Constitution giving women the privilege of suffrage.

Further, members of the Equal Suffrage League of Virginia are invited to address the next meeting of the council, which will be held Friday, February 10, at 8 P. M., in Labor Temple, 17th and Marshall Streets.

Inasmuch as the Central Trades and Labor Council is composed of delegates from the various labor organizations of the city, this action is regarded as a strong and to the cause. The resolutions, as forwarded to Mrs. B. B. Valen-

tiere, president of the league, by Secretary E. W. Baker, are as follows: "Whereas, the protection of the child and the home is undoubtedly women's deepest interest, and is most effectively advanced where women have a voice in the government; and

"Whereas, in recognition of the gallant support that women gave us in our fight for the ten-hour work day for women and children at the last session of the Legislature; therefore,

"Resolved, That we favor the submission to the voters of this State a constitutional amendment giving to women the right to vote on the same terms as men; and it is further

"Resolved, That the next meeting of the council be an open one, and that the women who advocate equal suffrage be invited to address this council at that time."

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Send you collars, cuffs and shirts to us. They are not only done, but well done.

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IF YOU ALREADY OWN A **HAMILTON WATCH**

you have a reliable timepiece. If not, let us show it to you—one of the finest American-made Watches—17 jewels—\$15.00 and up.

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Time Specialists. 612 E. Main Street.

Taxi-Cab Service
Day and Night.
Phone—
Madison 46 Day,
Madison 48 Night.
Call for the "Alco."
RICHMOND TRANSFER COMPANY

SCHOOL CHILDREN MISSED BY CENSUS

Eleven Hundred Newport News Kids Missed in Late Enumeration.

SALARIES ARE IN DISPUTE. HEARING IS POSTPONED

Norfolk City and County Are Claimants—Education Board's Work.

According to evidence adduced yesterday before the State Board of Education, Newport News is not in the race-sucide class. Incidentally, it would appear that the original census takers there for the Department of Public Instruction don't know a child when they see one.

Willis Jenkins, superintendent of the schools of the shipbuilding city, appeared before the board with the startling statement that the school census taken during the past summer was short no less than 1,100 names of children of school age. This census is taken every five years by the State, and on it are based the apportionment of State funds and literary funds. When the returns came in for Newport News, it was found that the total was far below the average number of children for the entire population. Thereupon an investigation was made as to certain blocks, and it was found that many children had been missed. A recount of the entire city showed 1,100 more children than had been previously returned.

The only explanation made was that there was carelessness in the first census. Mr. Jenkins asked that the apportionment for this and succeeding years be made upon the basis of the new count. Now, this apportionment has already been made for the entire State, and to rearrange it will affect the money which goes to every county and city. The total is about \$250 per year per child.

The board realized that it is fronting a knotty proposition, and referred the whole matter to a committee, composed of Governor Mann, Superintendent Eggleston and Attorney-General Williams, to report at the next meeting.

A most interesting and comprehensive report was presented by Dr. J. M. Page, chairman of the committee on collegiate certificates. This committee has completed a complete list of requirements in schools before their graduates are allowed certificates, and the units for each grade of certificate are fixed. The report will be printed. The committee was continued for the purpose of grading the various schools as to which to be given a rank. Public institutions will, of course, be graded automatically.

Laurel Gets \$1,000. The board, at the request of Colonel John S. Harwood, appropriated \$1,000 from the State school fund for the Laurel Industrial School, to take the place of the special appropriation made for this purpose by the Legislature, which action, according to a ruling of the Attorney-General, was unconstitutional.

A program for the celebration of Confederate Memorial Day in the schools, presented by Mrs. Kate Pleasant Minor, was adopted. Certain literary work is prescribed. Governor Mann and Superintendent Eggleston were instructed to associate three other persons with them to carry out the plan, and to have 15,000 copies of the program printed.

Hereafter May 1 will be observed as Bird Day in the schools, the object being to interest the children in the study of birds and in their protection.

Argument Over Salary. Superintendent R. A. Dobie, of Norfolk city, and Superintendent A. H. Foreman, of Norfolk county, appeared before the board in regard to their respective salaries.

It seems that the city has recently annexed part of the county, containing 5,000 population by local census, and the city superintendent wanted \$1,000 more salary, which would be the sum of \$135 a year, which would be at the expense of the county superintendent. Mr. Foreman naturally objected. It seems the board has previously ruled that the Federal census must govern in these matters, under the law of Attorney-General Williams, thought a local census might be taken, but believed the board should first set aside the new territory as part of the city instead of the county district. Mr. Foreman said the population would be increased by natural growth a year or two by natural growth, while he could get no relief until the next Federal census. Mr. Dobie said as he had the extra responsibility, he should have the extra money. In this he was supported by E. R. F. Wells, of Norfolk.

Committee Will Decide. The matter was referred to a committee composed of the Governor, the Attorney-General, M. M. Lynch and Secretary E. C. Starnes, with instructions to report at the March meeting.

School boards were authorized to appropriate money for medical inspections of school children.

Sitting on the board of the Miller Road, the body authorized Second Auditor John G. New to sell a Richmond bond instead of a Lynchburg bond to reimburse the income account from the principal account. The bond will be bought by the Retired Teachers' Fund. The State Board of Examiners presented a report on the uniform grading of teachers' certificates, which was regarded as entirely satisfactory. Ground in this much vexed question. It was approved over the objection of Judge Williams.

Ellis B. Jackson and D. Webster Davis asked that the board adopt their industrial history of the negro in the United States for use in colored schools. This was referred to a special committee.

Blues' Band Drills. The reorganized band of the Blues' Battalion had its first drill last night. While, of course, some of the members had previously drilled with the old band, others were new. The regular military formations were gone through, the men carrying instruments instead of rifles. Inasmuch as the band is attached to headquarters, the proper officer to drill it is the battalion adjutant, and accordingly Lieutenant Joseph Le Beau conducted the drill.

Jury Picked to Agree. In the Henry County Court yesterday the jury failed to agree in the case of Peter Becker, colored, charged with selling liquor on Sunday and without license. Becker was arrested by Constable C. O. Smith some time ago.

CEMENT INDUSTRY WILL HELP PORT

Development in Eastern Counties to Add Value to City Dock.

HEARING IS POSTPONED

After Short Session, Continuance Is Had Until February 16.

According to a witness who testified yesterday before the State Corporation Commission in the hearing on the petition to close the Richmond dock, this city is about to enter upon a period of greater importance as a port as a result of the development of the cement industry in the counties between the capital and Tidewater. The promoters of this development, said Stephen A. Ellison, the witness, would not think of shipping by rail. This evidence was, of course, intended to show the importance of water transportation in the growth of Richmond. On the other hand Mr. Ellison said, on cross-examination, that this cement could perhaps be handled outside of the dock.

Small Progress Made. Little progress was made in the hearing yesterday. The case was continued until the time his presentation of witnesses for the Chamber of Commerce, and Judge Beverly T. Crump began the examination of witnesses in behalf of the business interests of the city.

The commission was in session only two hours. After some discussion of the date for resumption of the hearing, in which it appeared that several of the attorneys had engagements, and also that the witnesses had other matters on hand, it was determined to have a continuance to Thursday, February 16, at 11 o'clock. This date depends on whether or not the hearing on the stove matter, which is set for February 14, is concluded by February 15.

Corrects Impression. R. A. Dunlop, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, resumed the stand at the opening yesterday morning. He corrected an impression made in the preceding day as to the position of a former president of the chamber, saying he had learned that the man in question thought the bondholders should be allowed to use the property, since the city would not buy it.

Mr. Dunlop read some letters received by him from E. L. Bemiss, of the bondholders' committee, in 1905, when the proposition for municipal ownership of the dock was being considered, in which the value of the property to the city was commented upon.

In addition to privately owned river front outside of the dock, the witness said he understood about 1,000 feet was available for wharfage. He thought the figures submitted by the bondholders as to the business of the dock was hardly a fair statement, as it was the smallest exhibit he had heard of.

Business Here Is Good. Mr. Dunlop said he knew of no other city in Virginia which had a private dock affected with a public use. He did not believe any city with regard to its future would release such an obligation. Richmond's general business was never in a better condition, he concluded.

First Vice-President T. M. Carrington, of the Chamber of Commerce, next went on the stand. He said that body's attitude was to keep the dock open. The work of the chamber, he said, is done largely through committees, which make careful investigation and decide each case on its merits.

In cross-examination Mr. Hutton seemed to indicate that it was a meeting when counsel were employed in this case which was composed of only three. The speaker then testified on the stand Tuesday that this number was present when the resolution was adopted purporting to come from the chamber, protesting against the closing of the dock.

Urges Act at a Time. This ended for the present the testimony of the chamber, and Judge Crump, for the adjacent property owners, called S. A. Ellison. The witness is in the coal business at Seventeenth and Dock Streets, on the south side of the dock. He said that as many as five barges loaded with coal had come up the river at one time.

Mr. Ellison explained the difference in rates by the means of transportation. The freight rate by rail from Lehigh is \$1.15 a ton, loaded on barges. The charge by water from Baltimore to Richmond to 45 cents freight, 2-1/2 cents insurance and 16.5 cents dockage per gross ton. The total cost by water to the Ellison warehouse is \$1.75 a ton, in the barge at the dock side. By rail the rate is \$2.15 for the whole trip. Presuming that dealers in the West End of the city are prepared, as some of them are, to unload from cars without cost, there is a saving of 30 cents a ton in favor of the water haul.

Much Come by Water. Probably 100,000 tons of anthracite is consumed in Richmond in a year, estimated Mr. Ellison, about one-fourth of this coming in the dock and a good deal more to a firm outside the dock on the river. He believed water transportation keeps down rail rates, and that it would be disastrous to Richmond to close the dock. As referred to length to the cement development near Smithfield, saying that if the plan succeeds the dock will earn \$2,000 a year from docking of white potatoes. The rate on this commodity would be \$1 by rail and 50 cents by water. Mr. Ellison contemplates a larger future for the dock.

The commission adjourned to February 16, after Mr. Ellison concluded his testimony.

Police Court Cases. David Jackson, colored, charged with selling cocaine, was arraigned yesterday morning from the Police Court yesterday morning. "Colonel" W. T. Holmes, charged with falling to support his wife, was arraigned. Leon Christopheron, white, was sent to jail for four months on a charge of stealing clothes from Charles E. Spitzer.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF RICHMOND
NOW IS THE TIME.
In early years is the time to save. Learn now, before extravagant habits are formed. Start with \$1.00 and earn 3 percent, compound interest.
417 East Main Street.

PRESIDENT GETS AUTO LICENSES

Governor Mann Pays for Them Out of His Contingent Fund.

WILL BUILD ELECTRIC ROAD

Charter Is Asked for Short Line. Farmers' Institute Schedule.

An act of courtesy from the Commonwealth of Virginia to the President of the United States, Governor William Hodges Mann yesterday purchased for his contingent fund the licenses asked for by Mr. Taft to operate his automobiles on the highways of this State. The licenses and motor plates were mailed yesterday by Clerk J. M. Hayes, Jr., of the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The net result to this State is that the sum of \$50 is taken from the State's contingent fund, and is put in the fund for State money aid to good roads. All receipts from automobile licenses, under the new law, go into this fund, and are disbursed by the State Highway Commission.

His Four Cars. One of the President's cars requires a license costing \$20, and the other three \$10 each. He has three Pierce-Arrows and one White Steamer. This makes \$50. In addition, he asked for \$350 for licenses, which cost \$250 each. These have been issued in the names of A. E. Long, Francis H. Robinson, W. L. Jackson and Walter Wagstaff.

Discussing his decision in the matter, Governor Mann said to a reporter for The Times-Dispatch that he regarded this as an act of simply courtesy. He believed that had the Legislature thought of the contingency of the President asking for license, a provision would have been put in the bill authorizing its issuance without charge.

There seemed no other way in which the matter could be adjusted in the manner desired, for the Secretary of the Commonwealth is personally responsible for all licenses issued, and would have been compelled to account for these. He, however, is now safe, since he has a warrant drawn on the Auditor of Public Accounts for the money.

No cause will suffer, since the Governor's contingent fund is never anywhere near used in its entirety.

BUILD TROLLEY LINE

Charter Asked For by Alexandria County Concern.

Further development in the electric lines near Washington is indicated in the Alexandria County Commission, which has made yesterday to the State Corporation Commission a charter for the Washington and Barcroft Traction and Power Company. This concern proposes to build a traction line from the south end of Government Bridge to Bailey's Cross-Road, in Fairfax county, a distance of seven miles.

The principal office will be at Barcroft, Alexandria county, and the presumption is that the line will cross the Southern Railway at that point. The capital stock is \$25,000, and the minimum \$5,000. The officers are: P. C. Handy, president, Barcroft, Va.; W. W. Wright, vice-president, Barcroft; C. P. Munson, secretary, Arlington, Va.

EASTERN SHORE SCHEDULE

Institute Speakers Will Devote Much Attention to Trucking.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Department of Agriculture of the schedule for that part of the coming big series of farmers' institutes which will be held on the Eastern Shore. The special train, tendered by the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad started at Le Cato, where a meeting will be held at 9:30 on the morning of February 5. The train will then proceed to Bloxom, where an institute will be held in the afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The other meetings will be at the same hours. These will be at Tasley on February 10, morning, and at Keller in the afternoon. On February 11 the meetings will be at Bird's Nest and at Cape Charles, where a trip for that part of the State will end.

Big Trucking Industry. Following this, several meetings will be held in Princess Anne, Norfolk and Southampton counties. Much attention will be paid in these lectures to the trucking industry, which is so immense, both on the Eastern Shore and in the lower Tidewater counties. Norfolk truckers last year shipped 4,555,200 packages. Three farmers there grew 75,000 barrels of potatoes, and probably the largest corn grower in the State is located there. This section's meetings will begin on February 13.

From May 1 to November 15, 1910, the Eastern Shore truckers shipped through their produce exchange alone 1,650,000 barrels of white potatoes, 800,000 barrels of sweet potatoes, 68,000 barrels and crates of onions, 63,000 crates of strawberries, 41,000 crates of cabbage and 8,500 packages of peas, turnips and other vegetables.

Mining Concern Asks Charter. Application was made yesterday to the State Corporation Commission for a charter for the Waller Mining Corporation, with principal office at Falls Church, Va. The capital stock is \$500,000. The concern proposes to do a general mining business. The officers are: Horace E. Brown, president, Falls Church, Va.; H. Scott Ryer, vice-president, East Falls Church, Va.; C. D. Garrett, secretary, Washington, D. C.; C. C. Caywood, treasurer, Washington, D. C.

Judge Designated. The Governor yesterday designated Judge Waller R. Staples, of the Corporation Court of Roanoke, to hold part of the term of the Circuit Court of Washington county for Judge Frank B. Hutton, beginning next Monday, to sit in certain cases.

Bids on State Printing. Clyde W. Saunders was the lowest bidder yesterday for the contract for printing the 11th volume of Virginia Reports. He asked 25 cents per 1,000 ems composition, and 20 cents per token for presswork. Weymouth, Melster & Smith are the lowest bidders on the binding, at 35 cents a volume for 800 pages, and 1-5 of a cent for each additional eight pages.

To-Day a Day of Opportunities--Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats

Which have been selling up to \$30 reduced to \$16. Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Furnishings also bear interesting reductions.

Gans-Rady Company

SPECTACLES FAIL TO PICK OUT COP

So Man Wearing Them Was Arrested While Trying to Pawn Suit of Clothes.

While in the act of pawning a suit of clothes yesterday, Charles Smith, colored, whose real name is said to be Albert Johnson, was arrested by Detective-Sergeant Wiltshire as a fugitive from justice from Portsmouth.

In his possession were discovered an overcoat and a pair of gold spectacles, both bearing the label of houses in Winston-Salem, N. C. The spectacles were perched on the negro's nose, and he peered over them as if he could see through the desk sergeant's soul.

Sergeant Wiltshire asked him where the spectacles had come from. He said that they had been sent to him by Robert Smith. He didn't know who Robert Smith was; neither did Sergeant Wiltshire. Smith, or Johnson, didn't know, either, whether he was short or far-sighted, he didn't know whether he was going a cataraet or whether he was going blind. But he wore the spectacles as if he were used to them, and Sergeant Wiltshire, who is regarded as a good detective, does not pride himself on his talents as an optician.

Smith, or Johnson, as the case may be, is said to be an ex-convict, and if he be the man the detective thinks he is, he has been out of the penitentiary but four months. It is alleged that he has made frequent trips in and out of Roanoke, and that he has carried with him much property and returned with nothing that was apparent. It is believed, however, that his pockets were well lined on his return trips. When arrested he was dressed "fit to kill."

CLARK'S ANNUAL CRUISE

Many Southern People on Steamer Sailing from New York To-Day.

With a passenger list of more than 600 names from more than forty States and the Dominion of Canada, the Clark cruising steamer Arable leaves New York to-day on her annual trip to the Mediterranean.

Among those on board this year are the following from Virginia and the South: Rev. John M. Alexander, Maryville, Tenn.; George H. Alexander, Norfolk, Va.; Mrs. George H. Alexander, Norfolk, Va.; Mrs. Milton A. Barber, Raleigh, N. C.; Junius Blair Fishburne, Roanoke, Va.; A. B. Hammond, Roanoke, Va.; Mrs. A. B. Hammond, Roanoke, Va.; Mrs. W. H. E. Minerva, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Mrs. Cora Getty Ransler, Henderson, N. C.; Miss Emily Ryland, Waukegan, Va.; Addison M. Scott, Charleston, W. Va.; Addison M. Scott, Charleston, W. Va.; Rev. Alexander W. Seabrook, M. A. Wilmington, N. C.; Rev. W. L. Showalter, Harrisonburg, Va.; Miss Hilda Salamonsky, Norfolk, Va.; Miss Elizabeth Salamonsky, Norfolk, Va.

INSPECT NEW PLANT

Committee on Electricity to Make Tour of Power House and Equipment.

The Council Committee on Electricity will meet this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the City Hall and proceed in motor cars to make a tour of inspection of the municipal electric plant. The power house will be shown in full operation, and the pumps at the Pump House, driven by electricity, will be pumping water to the new reservoir, and during the evening the current will be turned on for the Broad Street lights. While the power house is fully completed, the delay of Storms & Company, contractors, has prevented the turning on of current for the general system of street lighting, which is as yet far from completed. During the past few days the contractor has been making better progress than for several weeks previously.

Wilkinson Acquitted. Walter Wilkinson, a white man, was acquitted in the County Court yesterday on the charge of stealing coal. In the magistrate's court he was fined \$5 and the costs, but took an appeal to Judge Scott. The coal stolen amounted to about 25 cents.

Sample Cases Arrived for Complainants and Cost Wasn't on Them. S. M. Ball, agent for a Philadelphia hardware concern, was acquitted in the Police Court yesterday morning of the charge of stealing \$20 from P. J. Taylor, of 605 Laurel Street, and the sample cases arrived, and as the transaction was thus, to all outward appearances, devoid of criminal intent, the cases were dismissed. The cost was placed on the complainants.

Jean Crandall, who was said strongly to resemble Ball, was arrested first, but proved his identity the next morning.

BALL ACQUITTED

Announcement

The Clearing House Association of Richmond has fixed the business hours of the banks of the city

From 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

To take effect February 1, 1911 (except on Saturdays, when the hours will be as heretofore, from 9 A. M. to 12 M.). This action of the Clearing House has been approved by the boards of directors of the various banks, and the patrons of the banks are earnestly requested to attend to all of their banking business within the hours named.

J. W. SINTON,
Secretary.

WM. H. PALMER,
President.

JANITOR WRIGHT HAS SOME PULL

Absent Fifty-Four Days in Past Year, but Committee Votes to Give Him Full Pay.

For the fifty-fourth day in the past twelve months Stonewall Jackson Beauregard Wright did not show up for work yesterday at the City Hall, where he enjoys a position as an ancient and honorable member of the force of janitors. In his leisure moments he is an officer of the Clay Ward Active. The last time he reported for work was on January 13. While not well enough to work, he has been able to draw his pay and to argue his case eloquently before a Council committee when it was proposed that he be dropped to make way for some more energetic cleaning artist. On January 27 he was formally suspended by the Building Inspector.

On Monday night the Council will be called upon to vote on an ordinance putting the force of janitors directly under the control of the Building Inspector, without political interference. The Grounds and Buildings Committee recommended the ordinance, but at the same time gave the janitors an increase in pay.

Cut Out Salary Rate. In the Ordinance, Charter and Reform Committee the increase was eliminated and the ordinance recommended. The Finance Committee took the same action. Mr. Wright has invoked the aid of many Councilmen, including practically the whole Clay Ward delegation, to secure the defeat of the measure. He has been successful in that with the right, although the discharge in the hands of the Building Inspector, Wright's head would be the first to fall in the basket. The context is an old, old one, and dates back to the adoption of a resolution making the Building Inspector responsible for the City Hall, instead of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Council. Mr. Beck started in to clean the building, and his first reform was a rule that janitors must actually come to the building every working day, and a record was kept in his office, which does not show Mr. Wright's presence during about one-fifth of the days in the past twelve months.

At a meeting of the Grounds and Buildings Committee on Thursday night Mr. Beck, in a written statement, recommended Wright's removal, not only on account of frequent absence from his post, but also on the basis of the "absolute unreliability" of the service he is attempting to perform. Clay Ward got busy with practically the whole ward delegation and a large lobby. Mr. Beck's recommendation was rejected, and Janitor Wright was retained with full pay, although the service is paying a substitute during his absence. Mr. Bennett thought janitors should be put on a par with city officers—not on a per diem basis—and should not be held strictly accountable for their daily coming and going. Mr. Wright, although reported as too sick to work, was present to argue his case. Mr. Beck said it had been reported to him that during the period in which Mr. Wright had been absent about town night and day, President Robert Whitton, of the Board of Aldermen, and other city officials from Clay Ward, lent their support and presence to Mr. Wright, both before and during the meeting.

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